The Vedic Civilization

EXERCISE [PAGE 19]

Exercise | Q 1.1 | Page 19

Name the following with reference to the lesson.

Women scholars in Vedic literature _____

Solution: Women scholars in Vedic literature - Lopamudra, Gargi, Maitreyi.

Exercise | Q 1.2 | Page 19

Name the following with reference to the lesson.

Means of entertainment in the Vedic period

_____-

Solution: Means of entertainment in the Vedic period - Singing, playing musical instruments, dance, board games, chariot race, and hunting.

Exercise | Q 1.3 | Page 19

Name the following with reference to the lesson.

The four ashramas _____

Solution: The four ashramas - Brahmacharyashrama, Grihasthashrama,

Vanaprasthashrama, Sanyasashrama.

Exercise | Q 2.1 | Page 19

Right or wrong?

Rigveda - Mantras uttered during yajna.

- 1. Right
- 2. Wrong

Solution: Rigveda - Mantras uttered during yajna.

The above statement is wrong.

Exercise | Q 2.2 | Page 19

Right or wrong?

Samaveda - Guidance on singing a mantra during yajna rites.

- 1. Right
- 2. Wrong

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Solution: Samaveda - Guidance on singing a mantra during yajna rites.

The above statement is right.

Exercise | Q 2.3 | Page 19

Right or wrong?

Atharvaveda - The Veda derived its name from Atharva rishi.

- 1. Right
- 2. Wrong

Solution: Atharvaveda - The Veda derived its name from Atharva rishi.

The above statement is right.

Exercise | Q 3.1 | Page 19

Answer in one word.

The language of Vedic literature _____

Solution: The language of Vedic literature - Sanskrit.

Exercise | Q 3.2 | Page 19

Answer in one word.

The meaning of vid ______.

Solution: The meaning of vid - To know.

Exercise | Q 3.3 | Page 19

Answer in one word.

The head of a family _____

Solution: The head of a family - Grihapati.

Exercise | Q 3.4 | Page 19

Answer in one word.

The head of shrenis _____.

Solution: The head of shrenis - Shreshthi.

Exercise | Q 4.1 | Page 19

Name the following:

The musical instruments you know _____

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Solution: The musical instruments you know - Guitar, drums, piano (Keyboard).

Exercise | Q 4.2 | Page 19

Name the following:

Two modern ornaments of women ______.

Solution: Two modern ornaments of women - Earing, necklace.

Exercise | Q 4.3 | Page 19

Name the following:

Todays means of entertainment _____.

Solution: Today's means of entertainment - Movies, computer games, T.V.

Exercise | Q 5.1 | Page 19

What foods were included in the diet of the Vedic people?

Solution:

- 1. The diet of the people mainly consisted of cereals like wheat, barley, and rice. From this, they made different preparations like java, godhoom, vihi, etc.
- 2. They also relished milk, yoghurt, ghee, butter, honey, black gram, lentil, sesame, and meat.

Exercise | Q 5.2 | Page 19

Why were cows priced highly?

Solution:

- 1. Cows were used as means of exchange. They were highly-priced.
- 2. For the same reason, people took great care that their cows should not be stolen.

Exercise | Q 5.3 | Page 19

What was a man expected to do in sanyasashrama?

Solution: The fourth stage was the SanyaSharma. At this stage, a man was expected to renounce. all relations, lead a life in order to' understand the meaning of human life and not stay in one place.

Exercise | Q 6.1 | Page 19

Write a note on:

The religious ideas during the Vedic period.

Solution:

1. In the religious ideas of the Vedic period, forces of nature such as the sun, wind, rain, lightning, storms, and rivers were given the form of deities.

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2. Yajna is the act of offering ha vi into the fire. The Vedic people put offering (havi) into the yajna fire to please the deities.

Exercise | Q 6.2 | Page 19

Write a note on:

Houses in the Vedic period.

Solution: The houses during the Vedic period were earthen or wattle and daub constituents. Wattle means woven lattice of wooden strips which is daubed with clay mixed with cow dung. A house was called griha or shala.

Exercise | Q 6.3 | Page 19

Write a note on:

Political system in the Vedic period.

Solution:

- 1. The main duties of a king were to protect the people, collect taxes, and run the administration efficiently.
- 2. In order to run the administration smoothly, the king appointed various officers like the purohit (priest), the Senapati, and bhagdugh.
- 3. There were four institutions that guided the king sabha, samiti, vidath, and Jana.

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